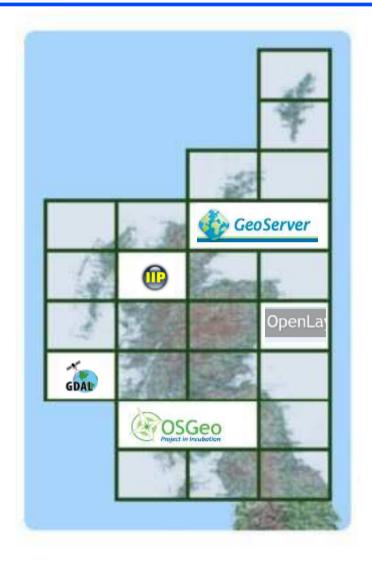


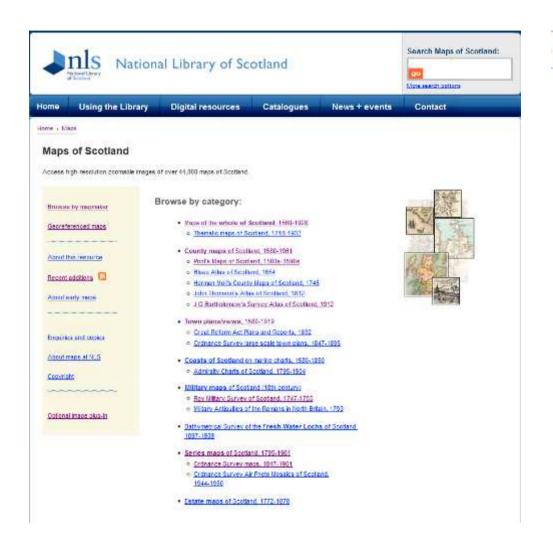
Open source technologies for delivering historical maps online - case studies at the National Library of Scotland



- Background and context
- NLS Case Studies 1 GDAL/MapTiler/Georeferencer
- NLS Case Studies 2 Geoserver /OpenLayers
- Other technologies IIPImage for JP2 / Omeka.org
- Opportunities for libraries



Maps of Scotland website – 44,000 online maps





http://maps.nls.uk

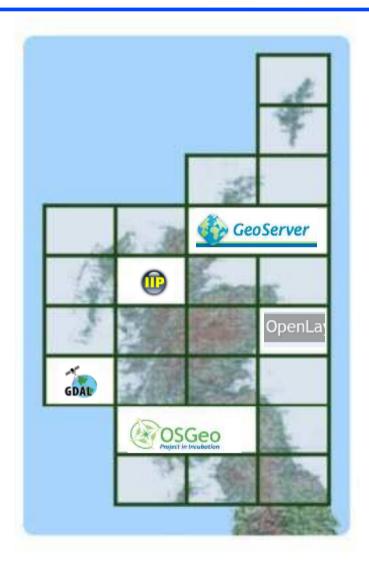
http://geo.nls.uk



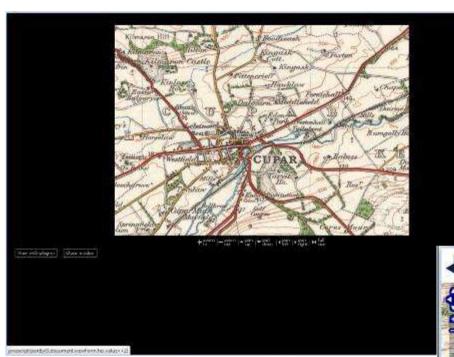
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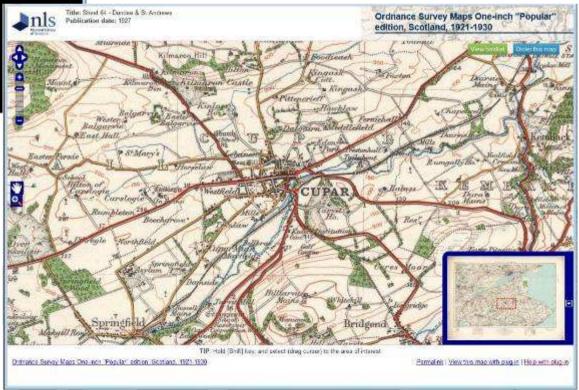
New MrSID OpenLayers Viewer - 2009



New customised OpenLayers
viewer addresses these problems
and uses other open-source
Javascript programs including,
Protoype, Gears, and XML
HttpRequest

LizardTech Express Viewer problems:

- Fixed image extents on screen
- Non-Ajax based viewing
- Limited ability to display image in wrapper
- Printing and downloading limitations
- No Permalink



GDAL / OGR open source commands

gdalinfo information about raster image

gdaltindex create shapefile of raster image extents

gdal_translate convert raster images between formats

gdaltransform convert raster images between projections

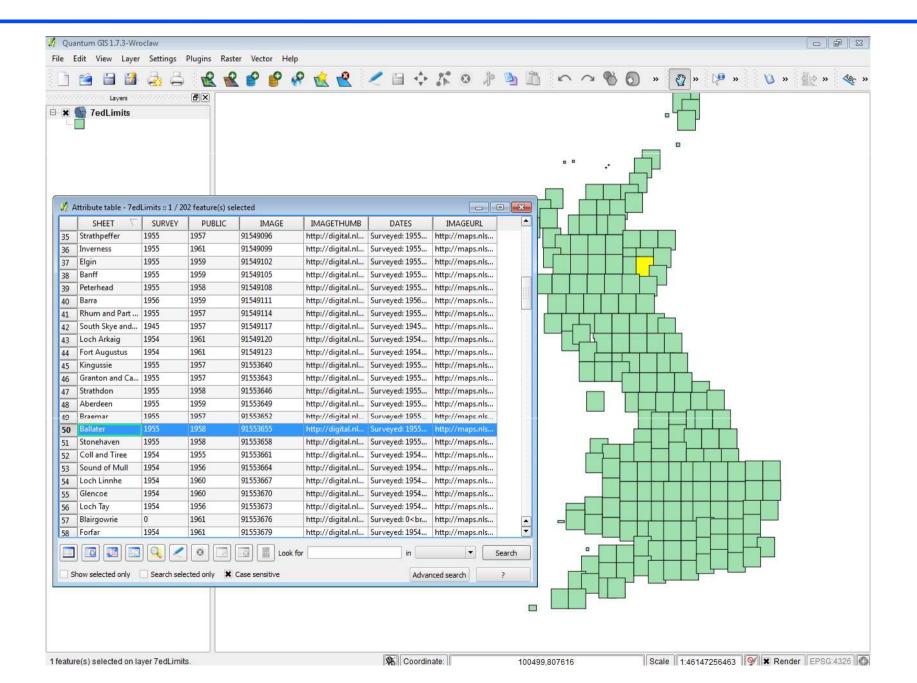
ogrinfo information about vector file

ogr2ogr convert vector files between formats

GDAL: using gdaltindex to create a clickable graphic index



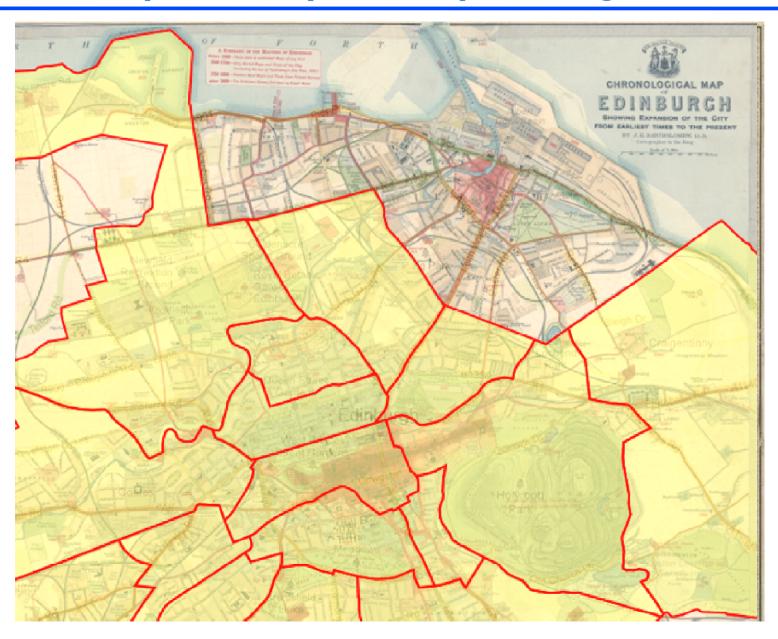
Using QGIS to create and edit shapefiles

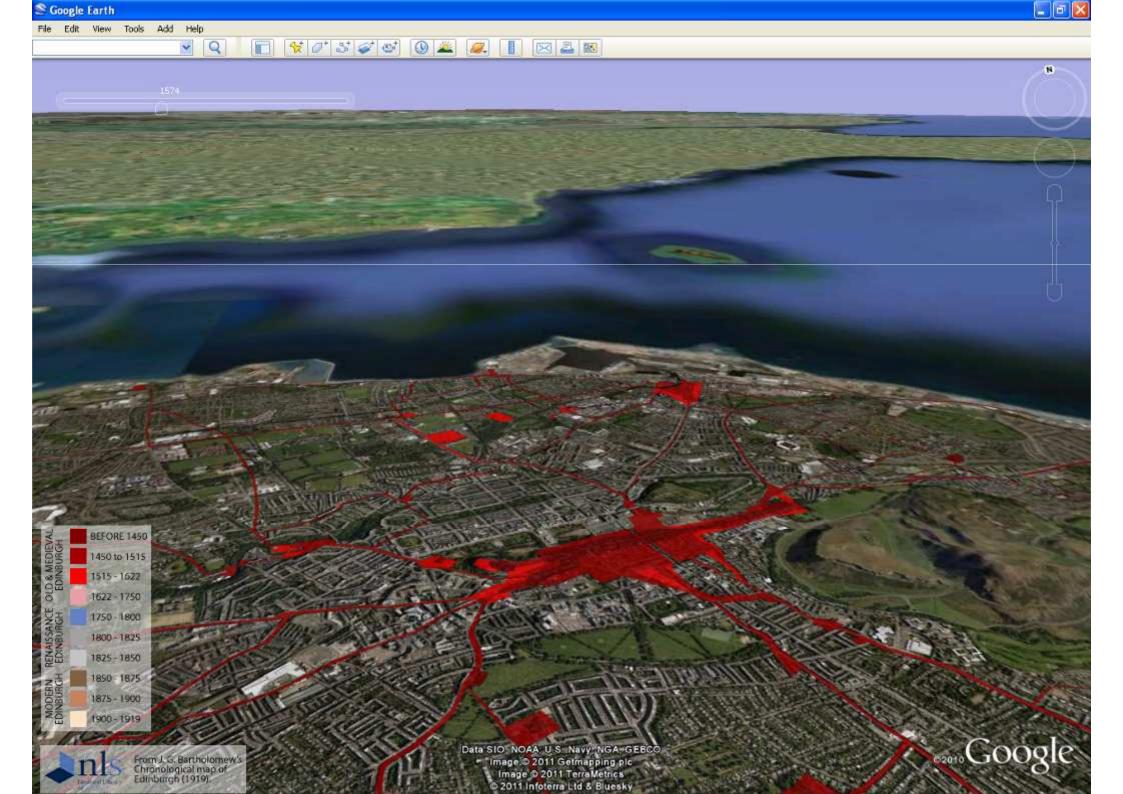


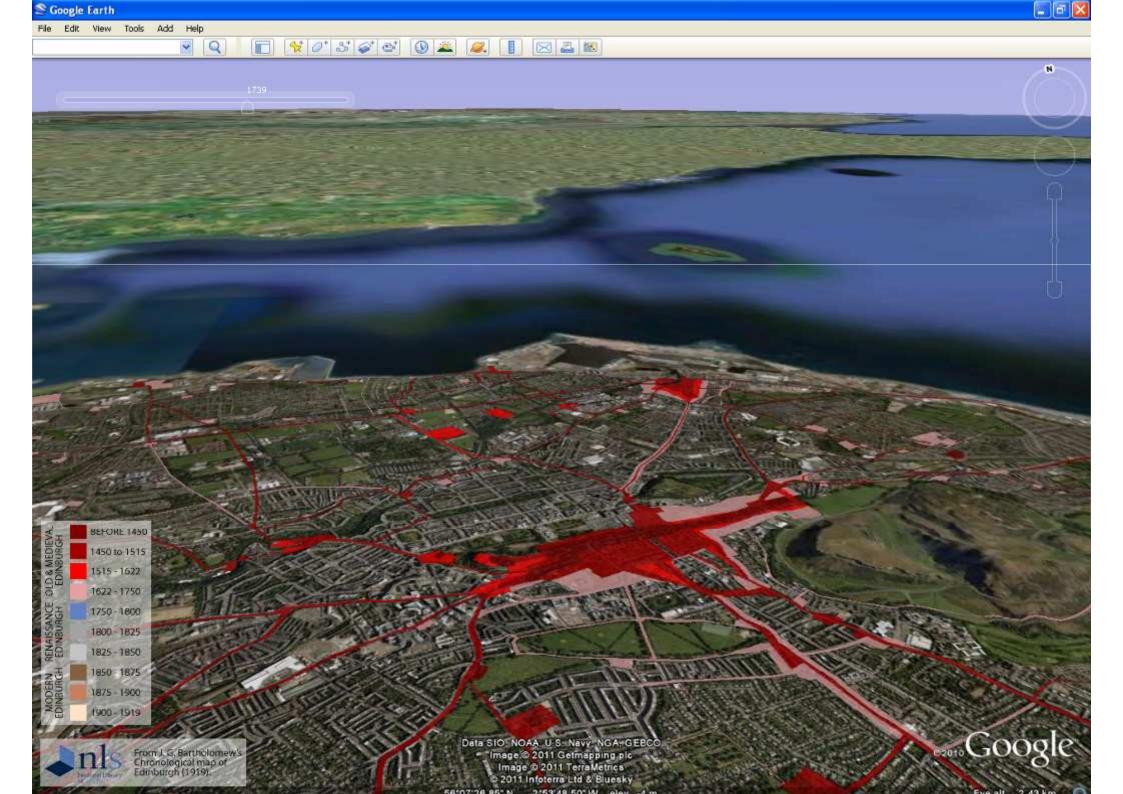
Visualising Urban Geographies - guides to georeferencing workflows using open-source QGIS and MapTiler

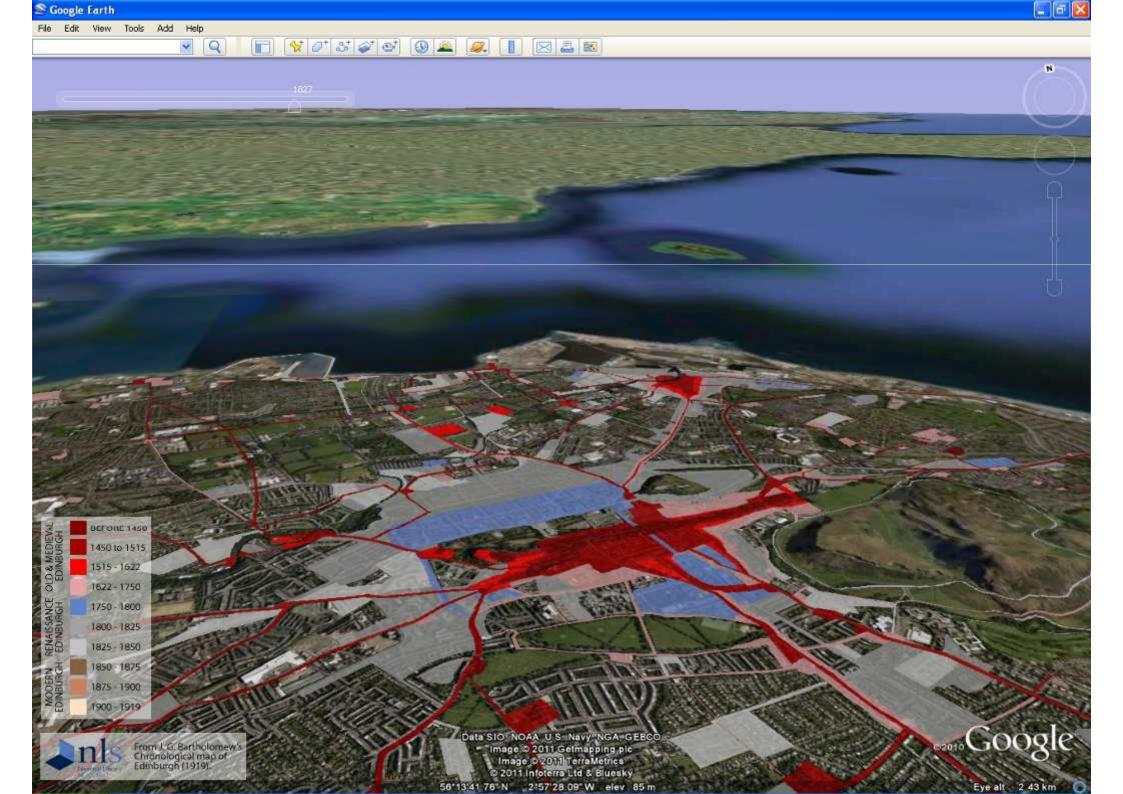


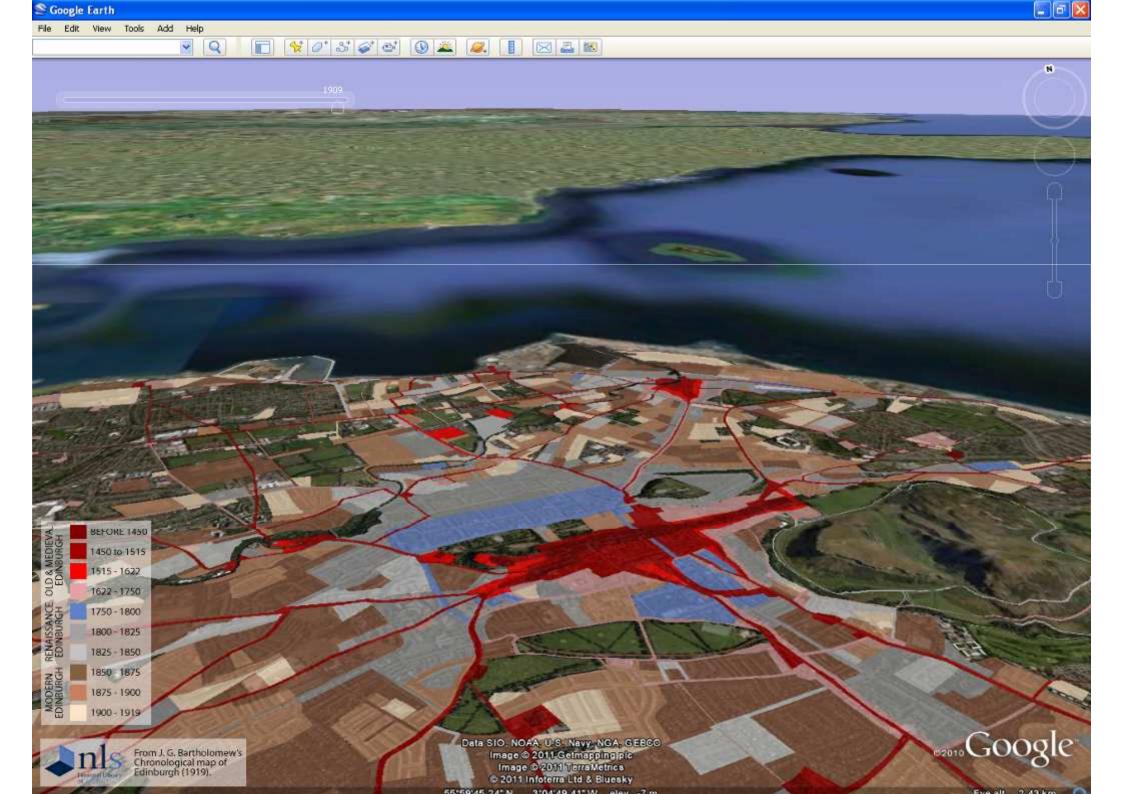
Using GDAL ogr2ogr - to convert shapefiles (in British National Grid) into KML (in WGS84) for Google Earth



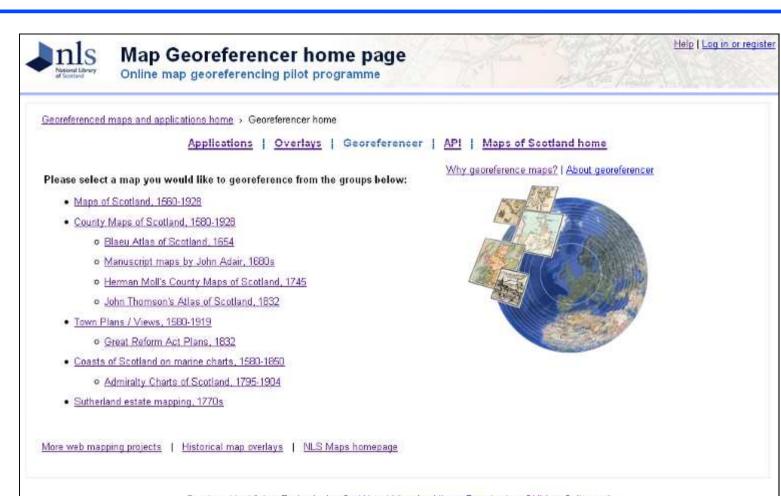






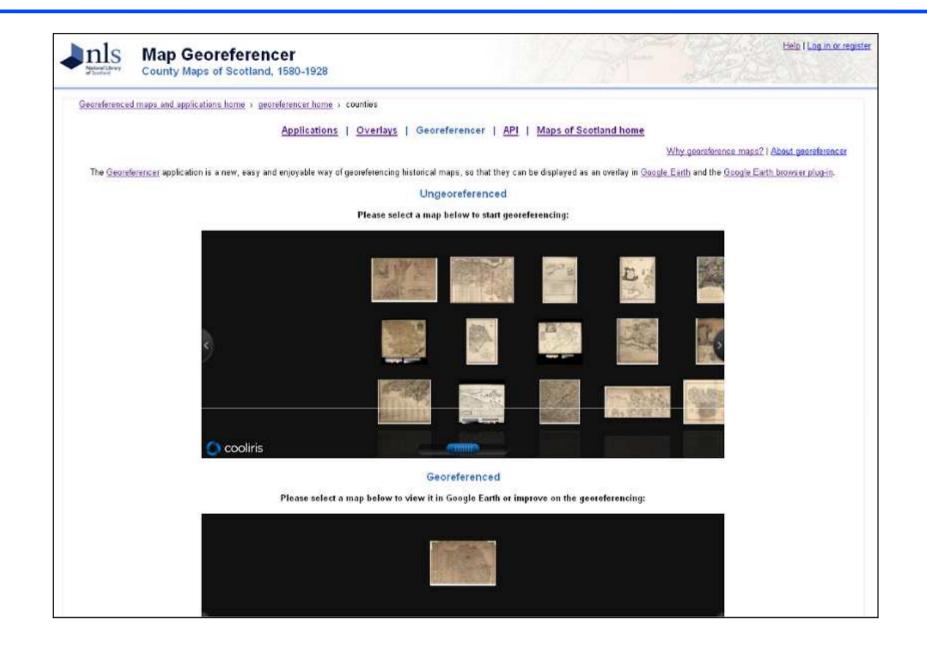


NLS Map Georeferencer

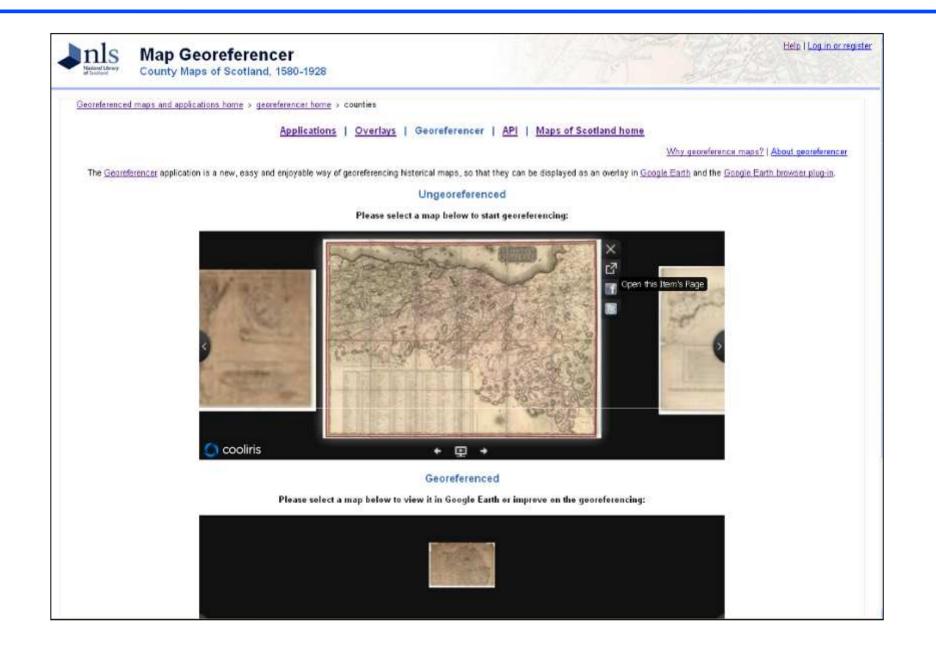


Developed by Klokan Technologies GmbH and Moravian Library Bmo (project OldMapsOnline.org).

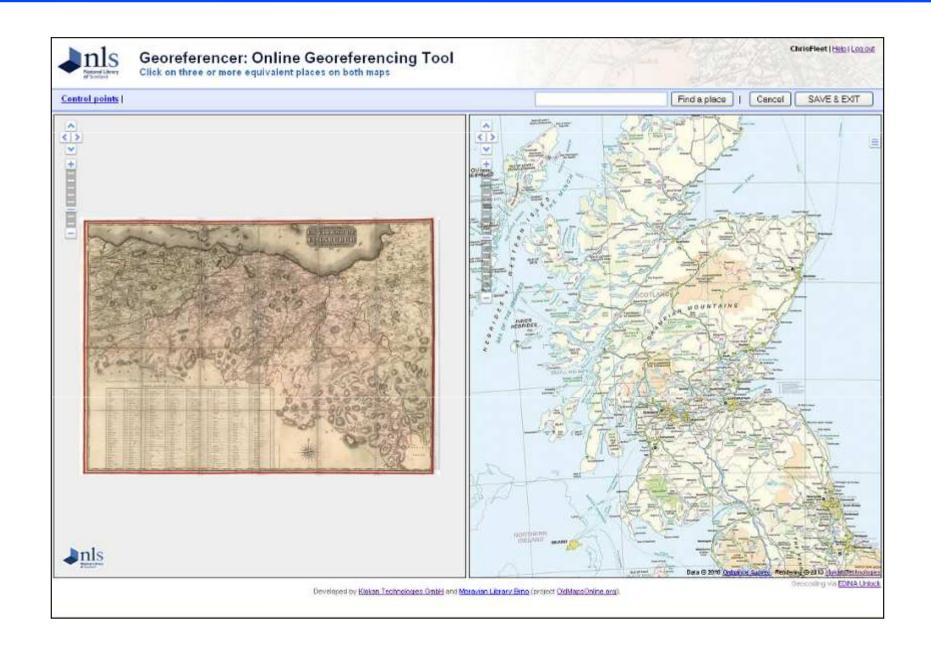
NLS Map Georeferencer



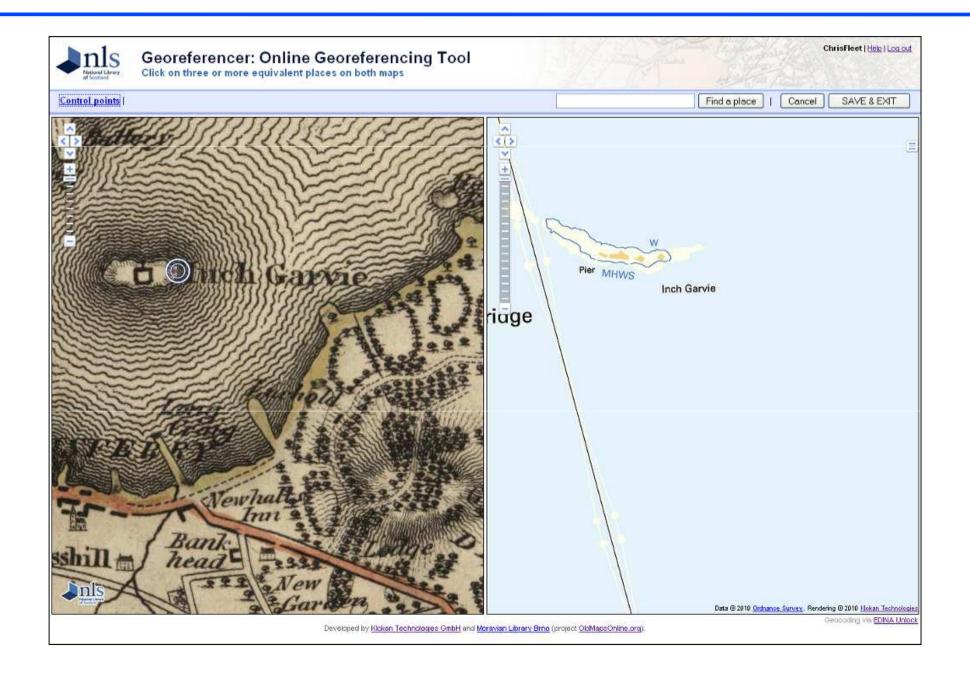
NLS Map Georeferencer – selecting a map



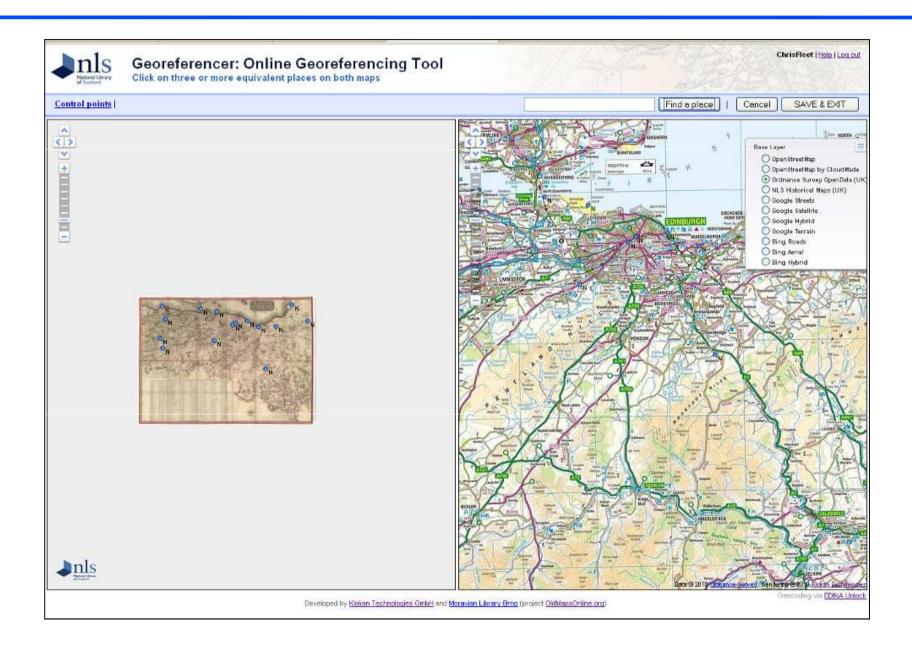
NLS Map Georeferencer – split-screen for georeferencing



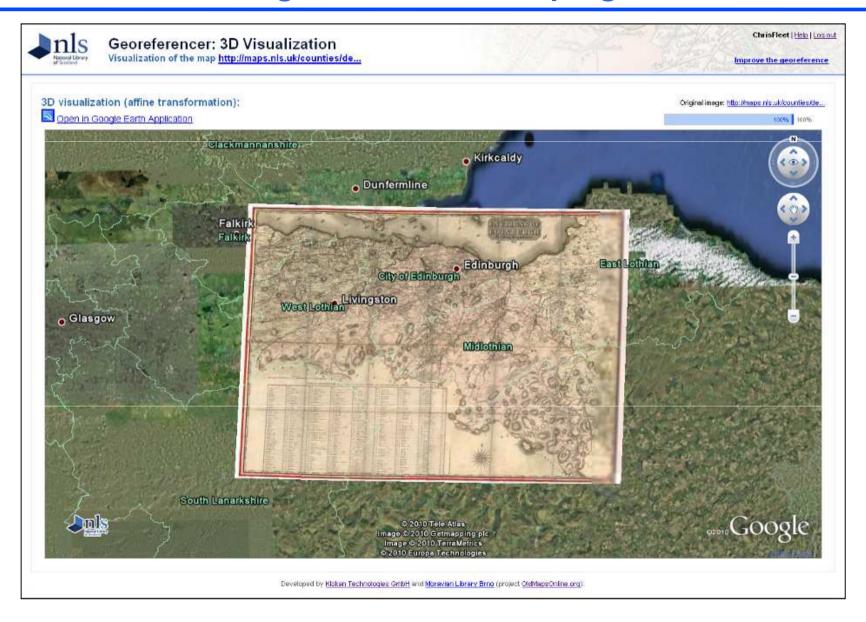
NLS Map Georeferencer – adding control points



NLS Map Georeferencer – saving...



NLS Map Georeferencer – viewing results in Google Earth browser plugin



Tools: MapTiler and Tileserver



MapTiler - Map Tile Cutter

Map Overlay Generator for Google Maps and Google Earth

Simple way how to publish your maps...

Pownload Beta Version (Windows / Mac US X / Linux)

Screenshots

Look at MapTiler Help Center or join MapTiler User Group Source Code Repository



Klokan Technologies GmbH

www.klokantech.com

Contact: Bahnhofstrasse 9, Baar 6340, Switzerland

> email: info@klokantech.com tel: +41 41 511 26 12

Tile Server

TileServer is a hosting technology for fast web 2.0 interactive online maps, derived from geospatial data, ortophotos or scanned maps. The maps are distributed from multiple servers, the service is much faster and more reliable then the traditional forms of online publishing of maps and the system is able to handle large number of visitors.

Live demo



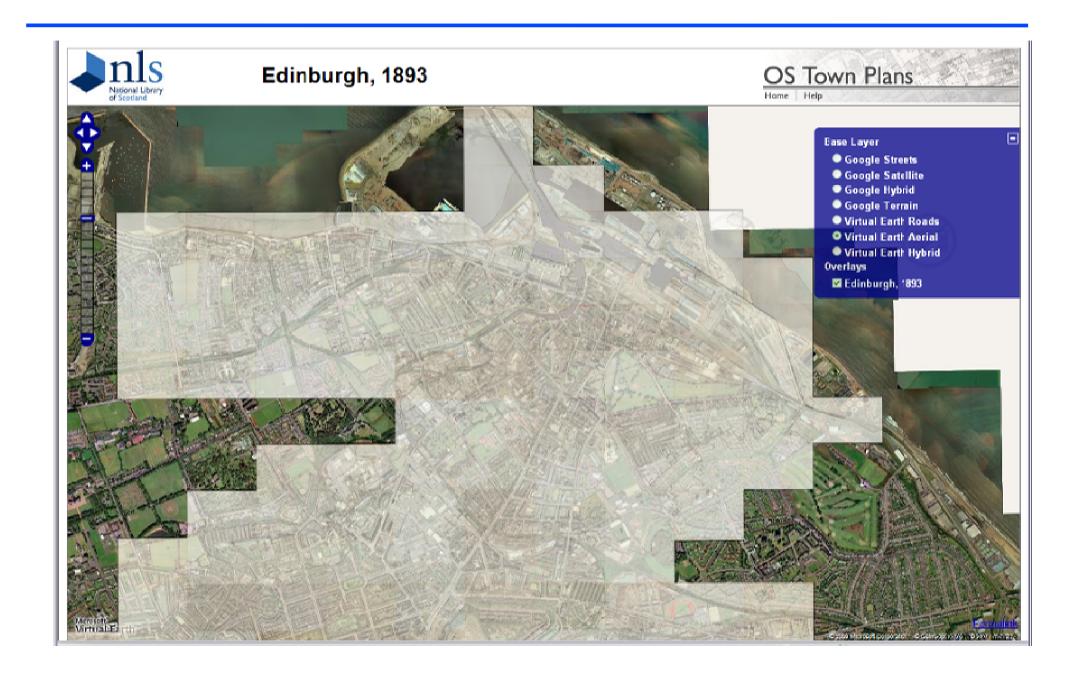
The Historical Map of Great Britain

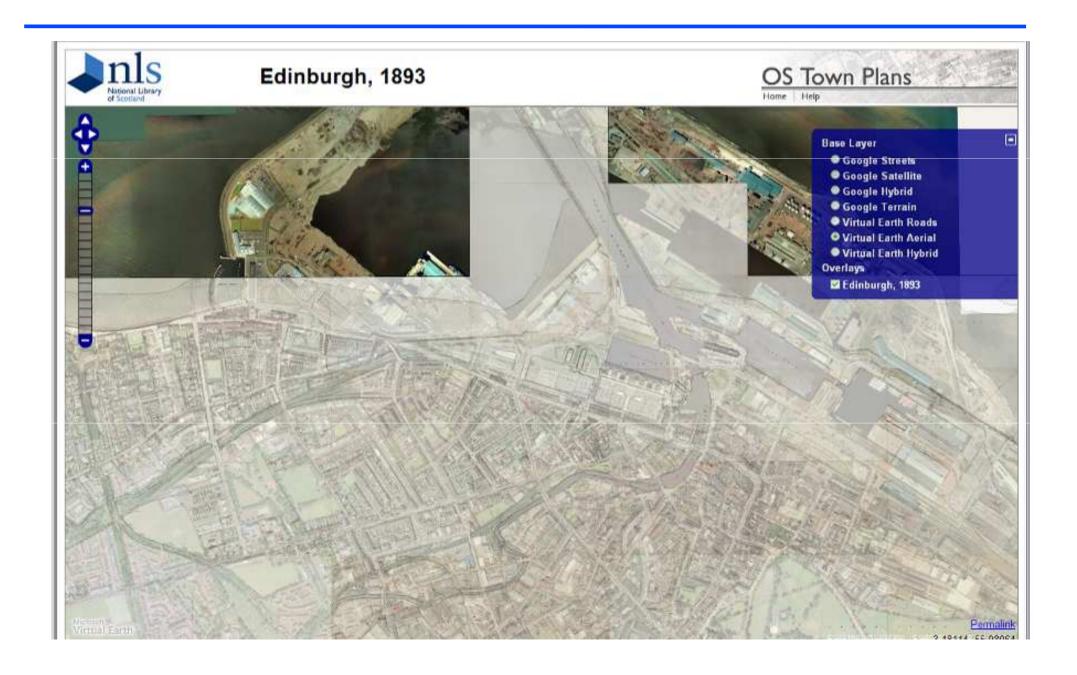
Try the Tile Server on the Maps API service of the National Library of Scotland.

Viewers

http://www.maptiler.org/

http://www.tileserver.com/







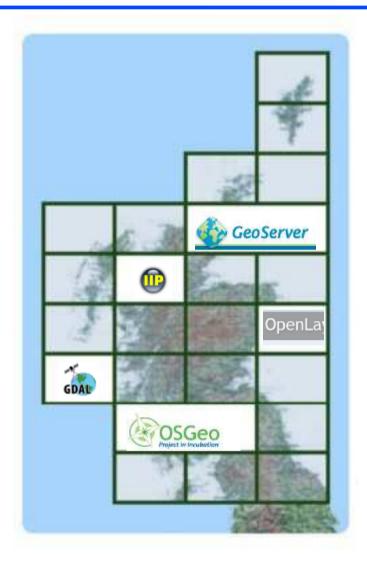


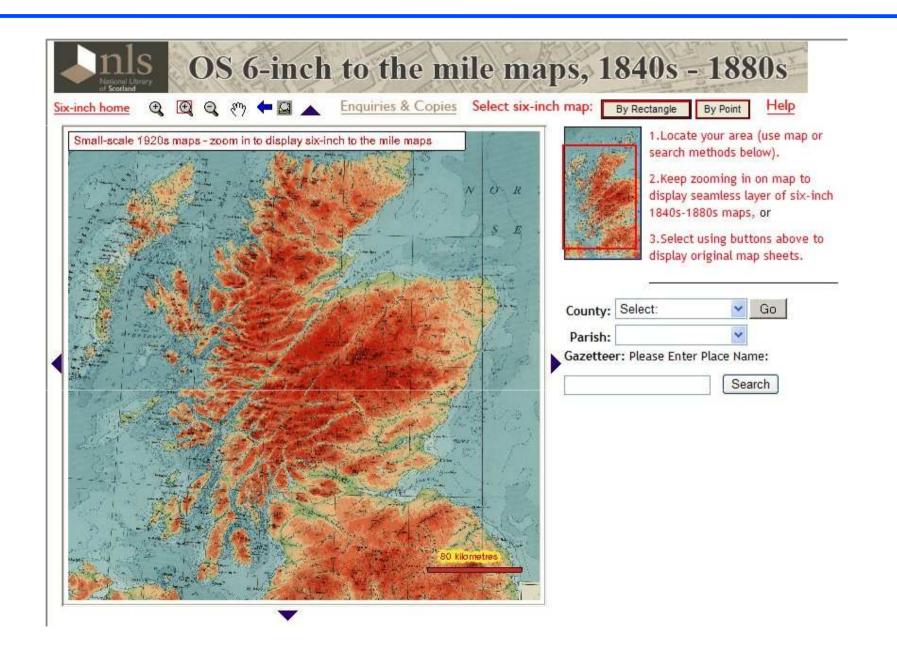


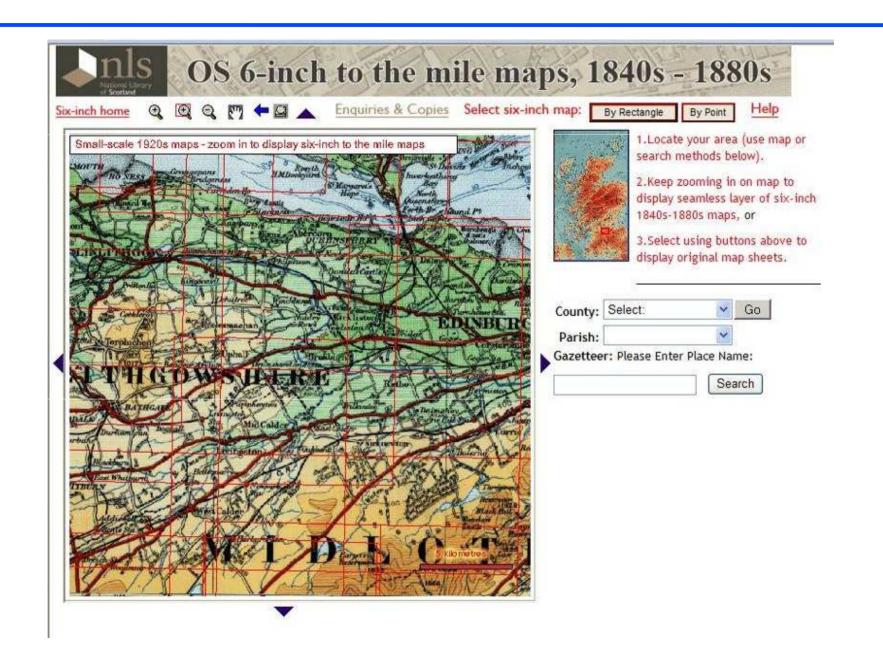
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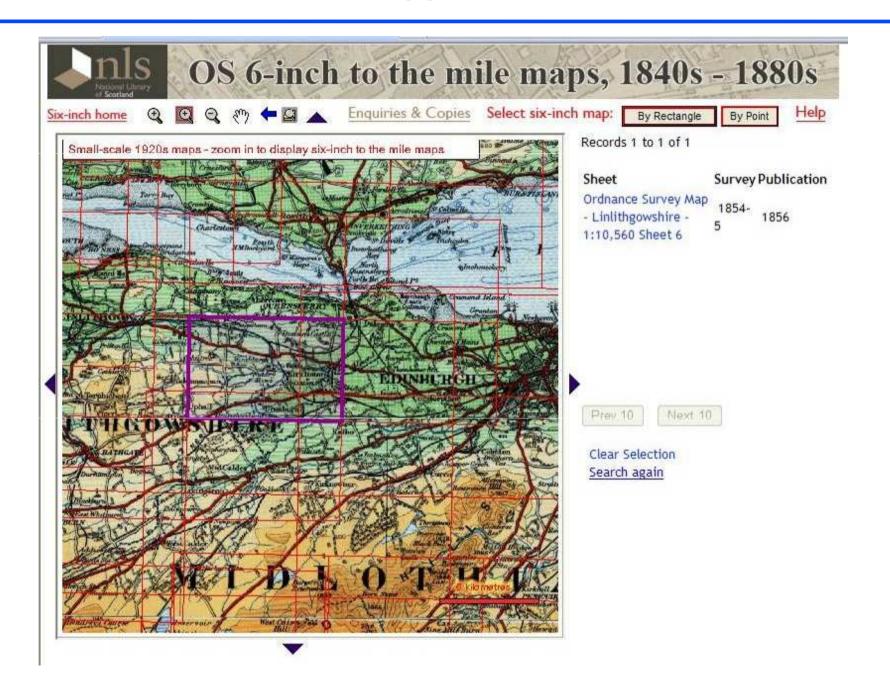


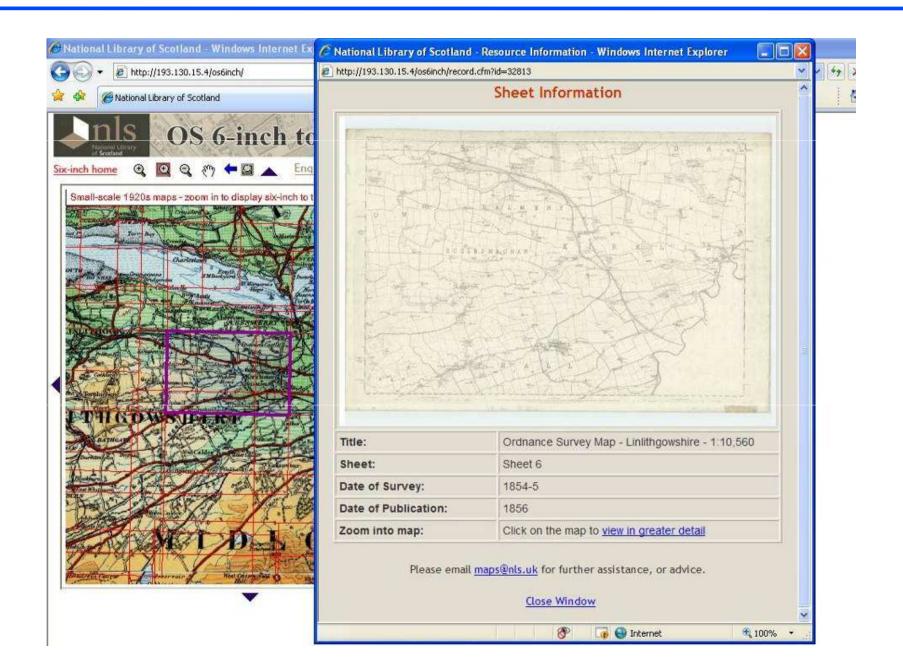
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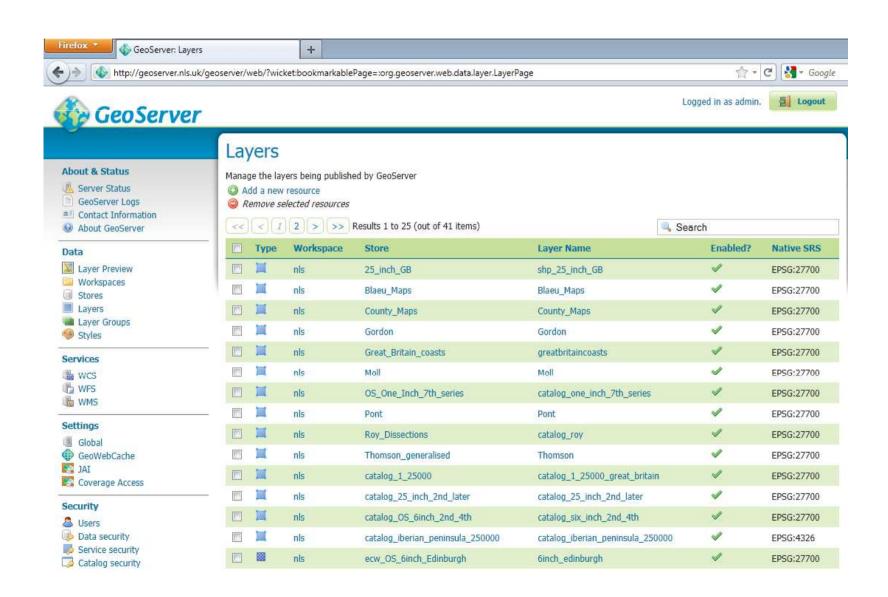




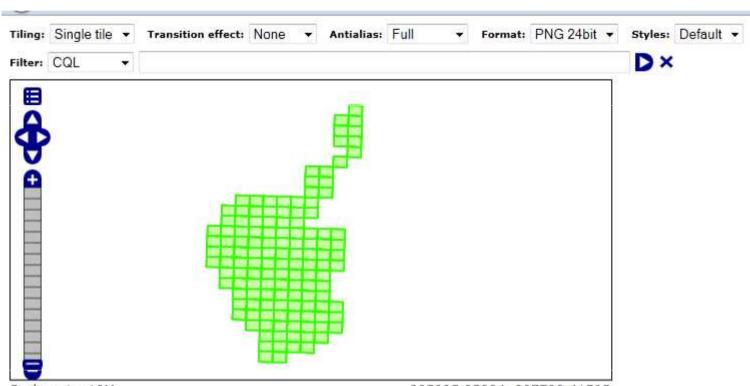
Problems of ArcIMS

- Expense annual licensing costs of ca £5,000 £6,000
- Limited web-mapping functionality
- Instability difficulty in handling high usage spikes
- Fixed screen for map interface (500 x 500 px)
- Basis on British National Grid rather than Spherical Mercator

GeoServer – adding shapefiles as layers



GeoServer – previewing shapefiles and fields



Scale = 1 : 10M

205895.85884, 807792.41595

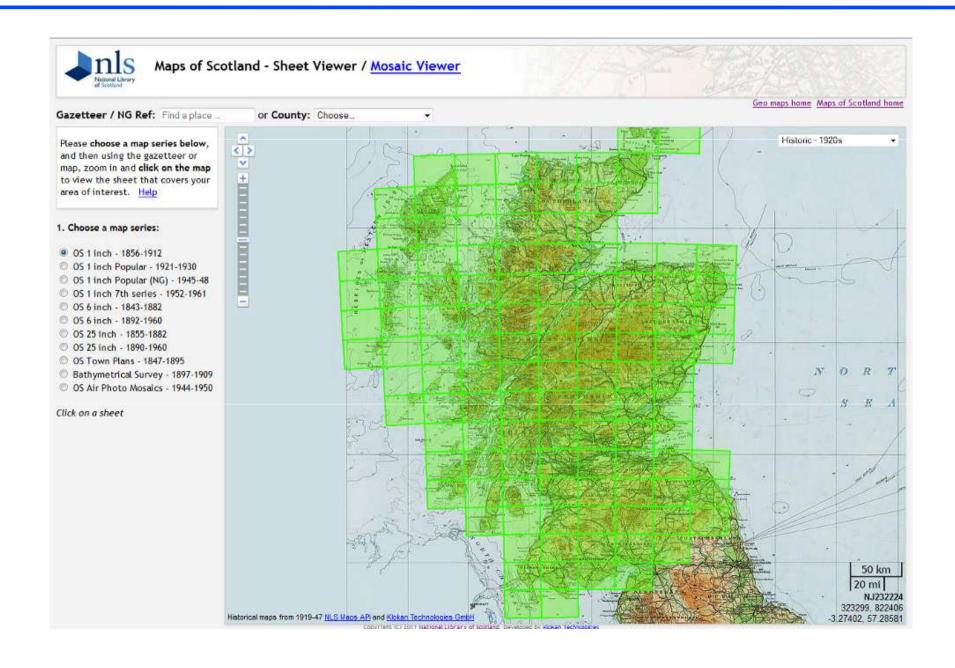
CATALOG 1INCH 1ST 3RD

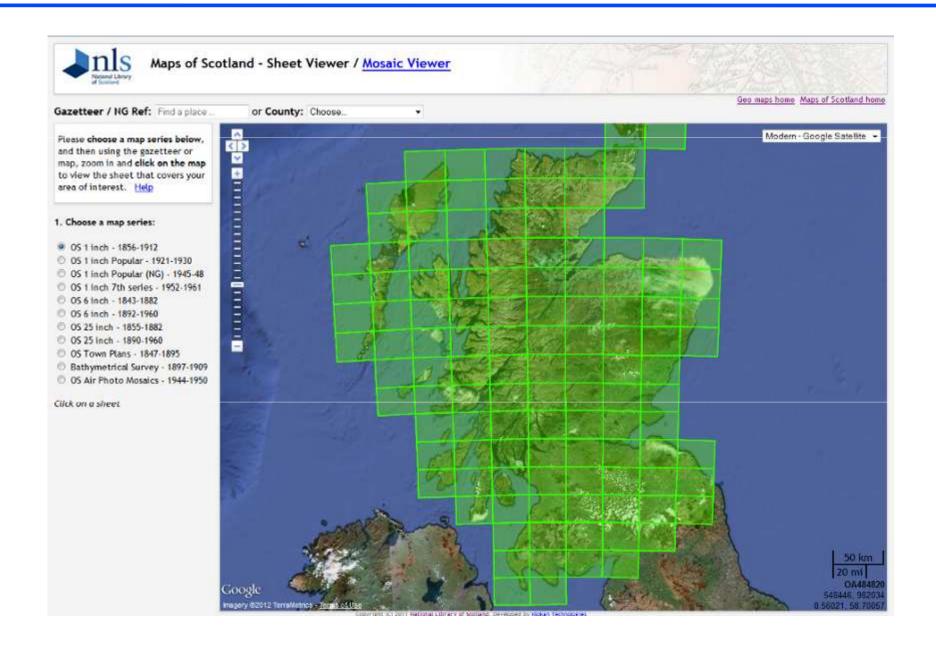
FID	IMAGE	SURVEY	PUBLIC	IMAGETHUMB	SHEET
catalog_1inch_1st_3rd.24	74488617	1855-1859	1873	http://digital.nls.uk/dc4/7448/74488617.jpg	Peebles (24)
catalog_linch_1st_3rd.155	74488618	1894	1897	http://digital.nls.uk/dc4/7448/74488618.jpg	Peebles (24)
catalog_linch_1st_3rd.286	74488619	1901	1905	http://digital.nls.uk/dc4/7448/74488619.jpg	Peebles (24)
catalog_1inch_1st_3rd.415	74400780	1894	1897	http://digital.nls.uk/dc4/7440/74400780.jpg	Peebles (24) - with coloured parish

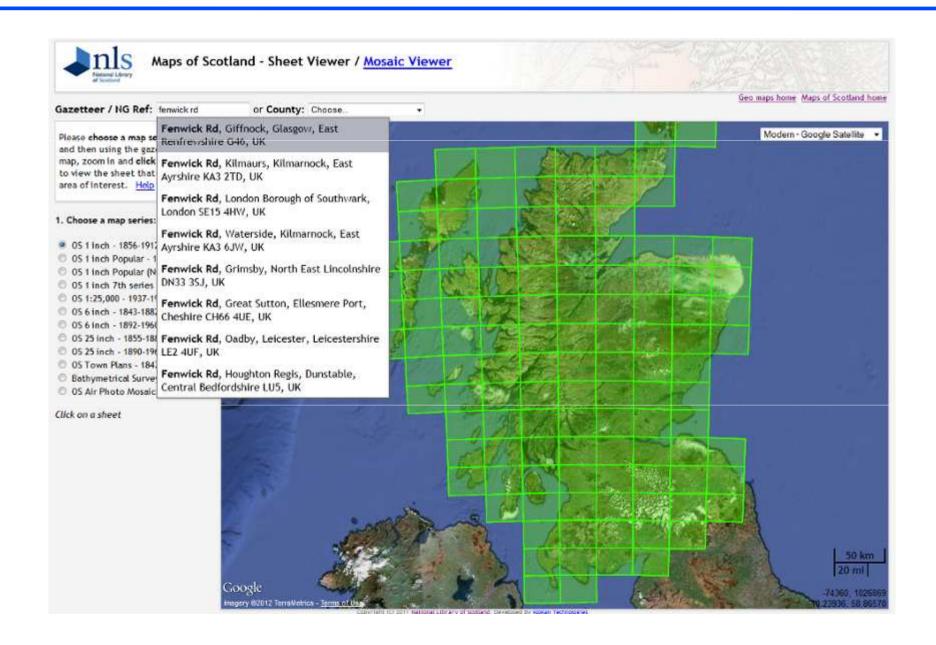
GeoWebCache – for rapid display

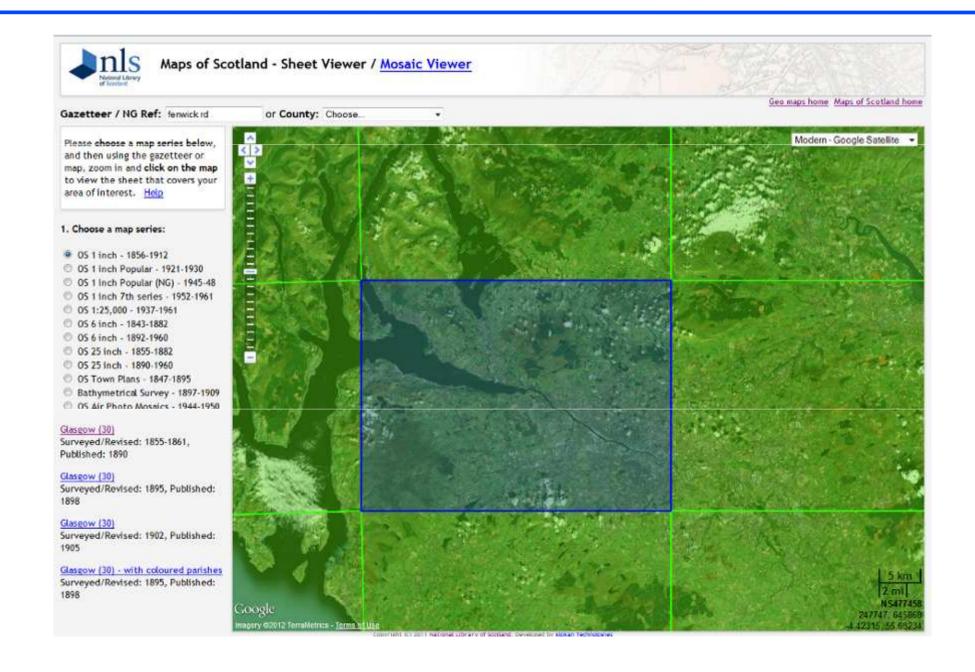


Layer name:	Enabled:	Grids Sets:		
nls:6inch_edinburgh Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:6inch_edinburgh_pyr Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Blaeu_Maps Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:County_Maps Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Dmu_2004_region Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Gordon Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Moll Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Pont Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Roy_Highlands Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg]	KML: [png, gif, png8, jpeg, kml]
nls:Roy_Lowlands Seed this layer	true	EPSG:900913 EPSG:4326	OpenLayers: [png, gif, png8, jpeg] OpenLayers: [png. qif, png8, ipeq]	KML: [pna. aif. pna8. ipea. kml]

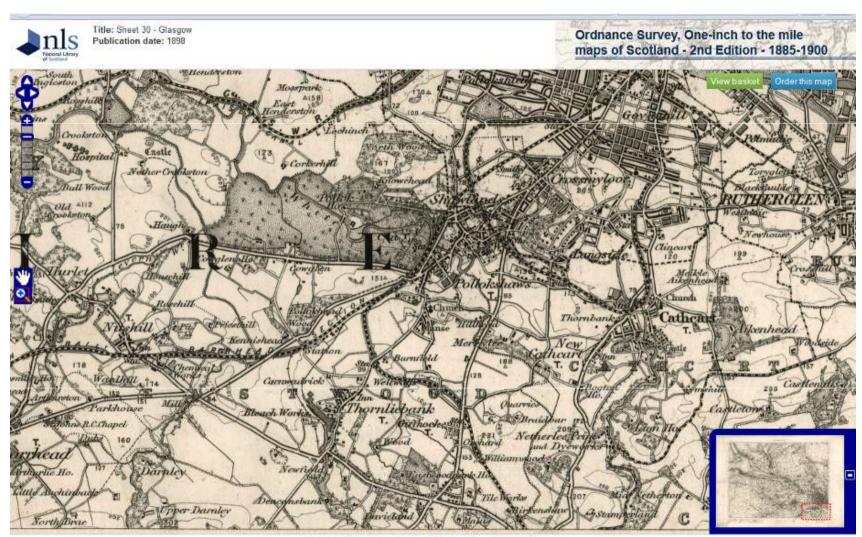




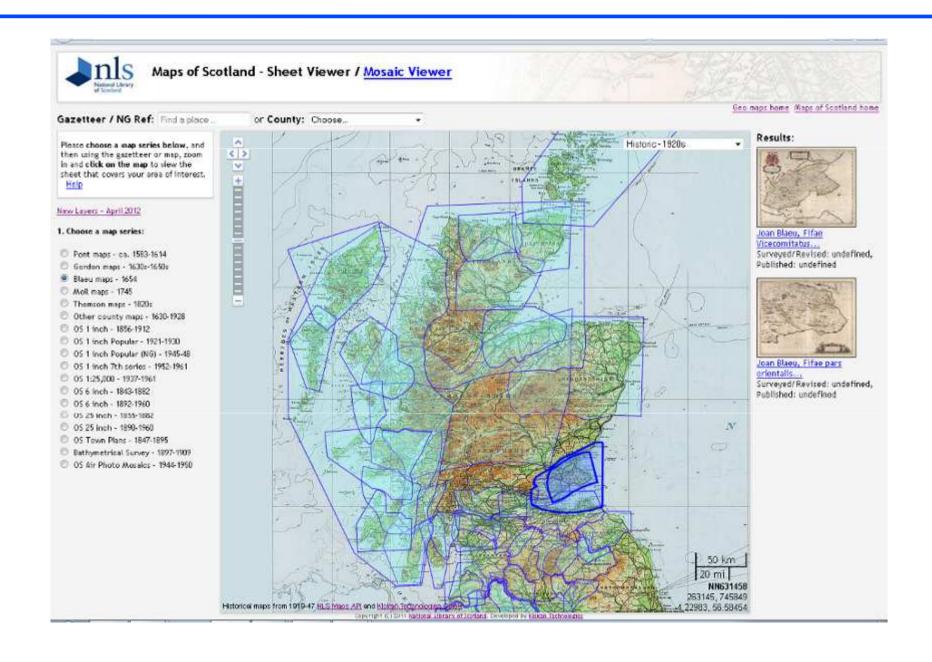


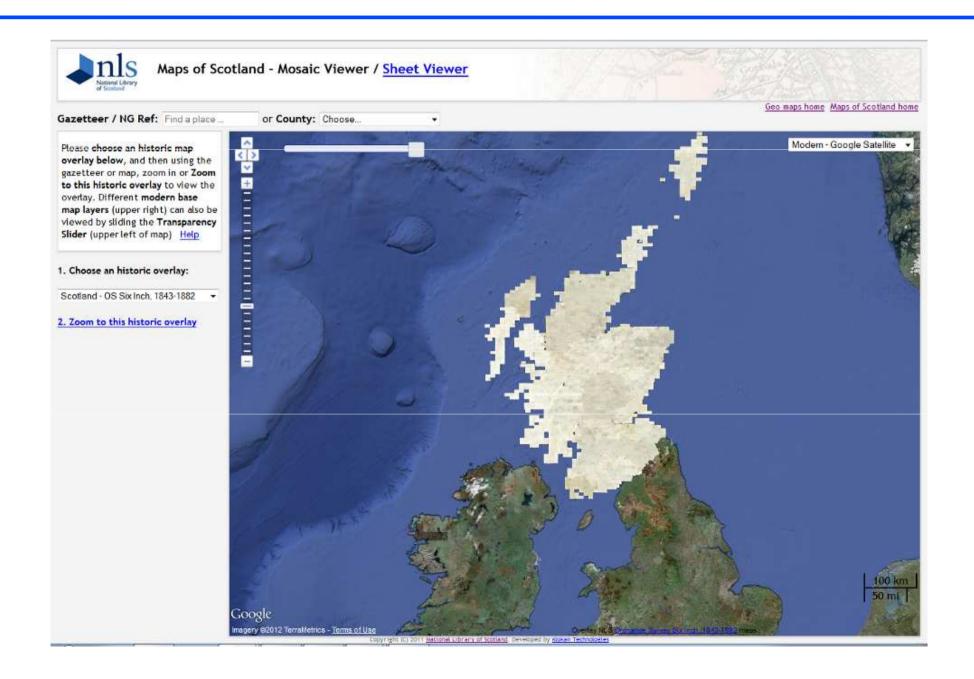


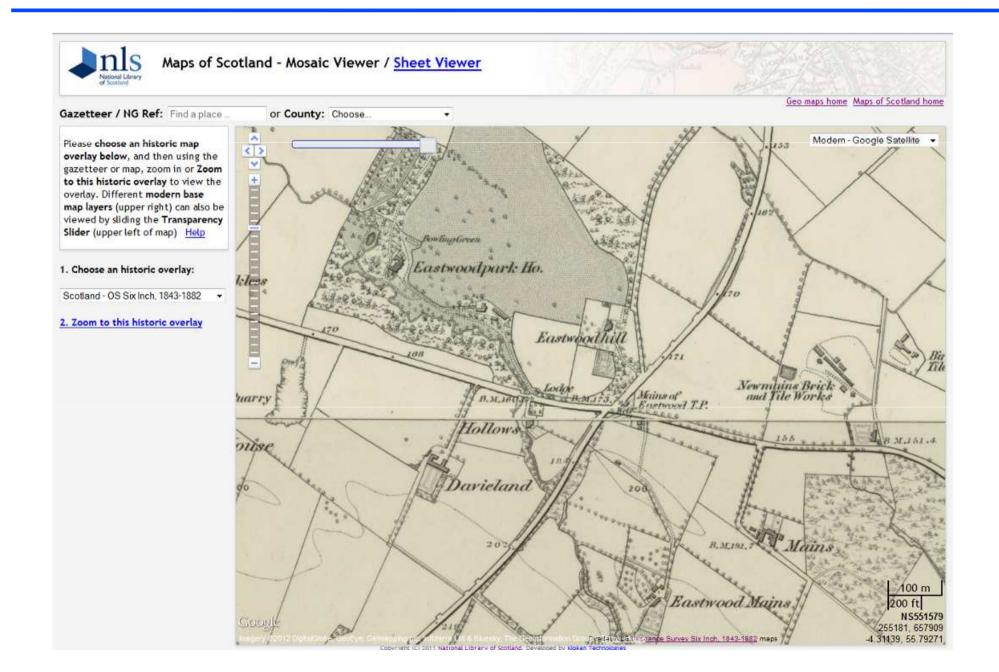
OpenLayers MrSID Viewer

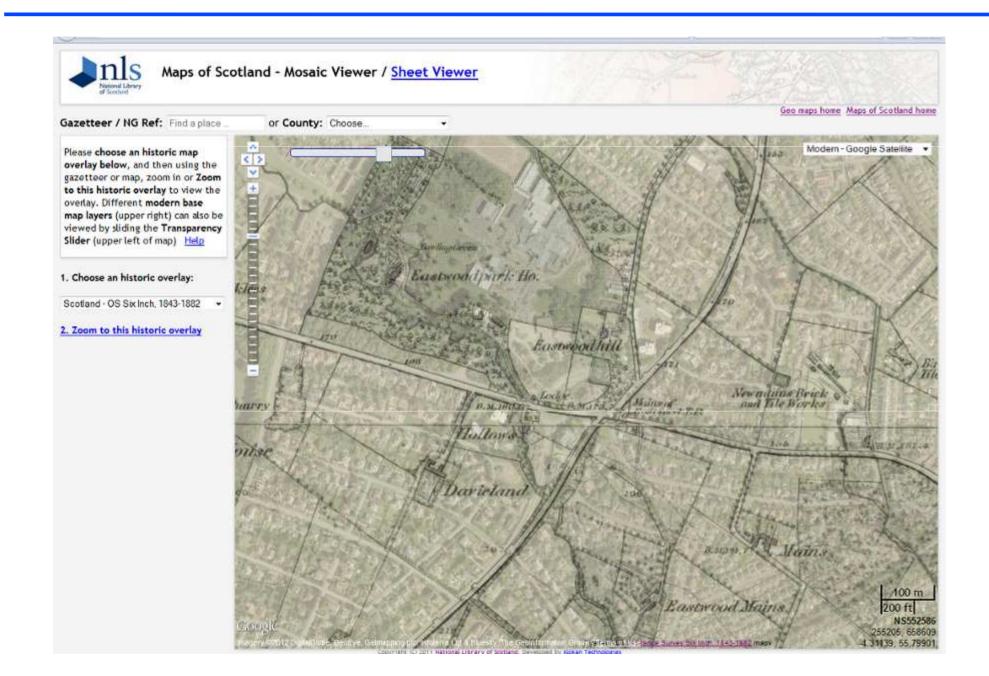


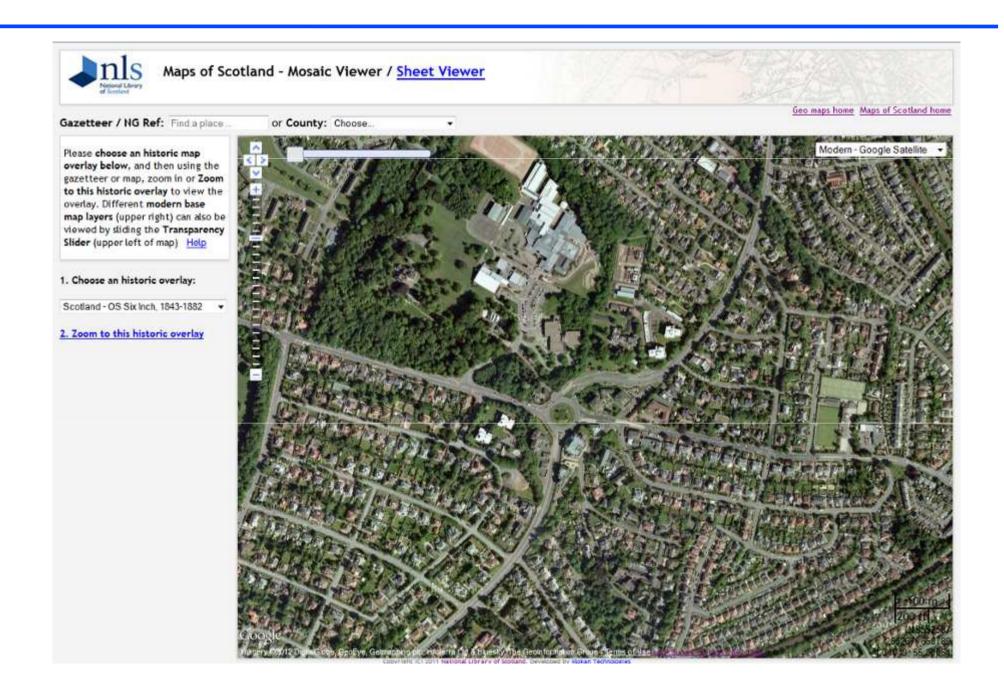
TIP: Hold [Shift] key, and select (drag cursor) to the area of interest

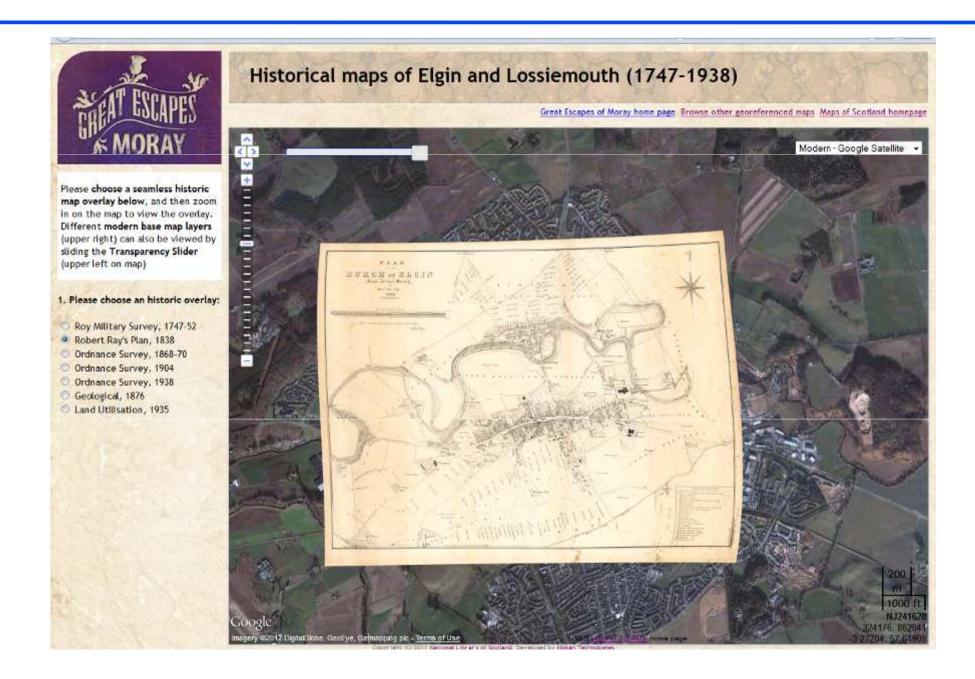












Conclusions

Advantages of open-source software:

- cheaper, more open standards-compliant
- delegated development and customisation
- greater opportunities for collaboration
- improvements in functionality and aesthetics of applications

Disdvantages of open-source software:

- greater need for programming knowledge
- fewer bespoke applications, and more need for development
- more time-consuming to develop and support
- possible need for paying for external development